

JUL 23 2007Attorney Docket No. AUS920030374US1
Serial No. 10/645,200**II. REMARKS**

1. Status of the Claims. Claims 13-24 and 26 have been canceled.

2. Claim Rejection - 35 USC. § 101.

The examiner rejected claims 25 and 27-37 under U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Applicant has amended claim 25 to address the rejection.

3. Claim Rejections - 35 USC. § 103.

Applicant has amended claims 1 and 25 to include the limitations of claims 2 and 27 respectively, and to further clarify applicant's novelty. The examiner rejected claims 2 and 27 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tuli in view of Silverstein et al (Pub No. US 2003/0077002 A1, hereinafter "Silverstein").

Applicant submits that neither Tuli nor Silverstein, individually or in combination disclose applicant's invention as expressed in the amended claims. The examiner states that Tuli teaches that the fragment is displayed at the image's intended resolution. Applicant submits that Tuli does not disclose displaying a reduced web page containing an image fragment where the image fragment is displayed at its intended resolution while the web page is displayed at a reduced resolution. This is because Tuli translates the entire web page--including images--and divides the entire translated web page into fragments. Thus Tuli may display the entire fragment

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at its intended resolution, but Tuli cannot display the web page at a reduced resolution while an image on the web page is displayed at the image's intended resolution.

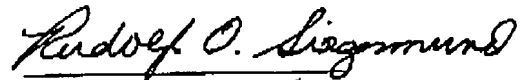
The examiner states that Tuli does not expressly teach that the web page is displayed at a reduced resolution, but that Silverstein teaches this limitation. Silverstein uses a different process to alter the web page and display fragments. But Silverstein displays an entire fragment of a web page at intended resolution while displaying parts of other fragments of the web page at a different resolution. But this is not the situation where a reduced web page is displayed and the reduced web page contains an image, a fragment of which image is displayed at its intended resolution. Silverstein does not disclose this configuration nor does Silverstein address the situation of an image. Silverstein fragments the web page. Moreover, Silverstein does not create image fragments in the way applicant does. Silverstein converts each block into a frequency domain representation comprising an array of coefficients, and crops coefficients of a portion of the array so as to scale at least a portion of the regions of the image within the spatial domain.

Therefore, neither singly or in combination do Tuli and Silverstein teach or suggest applicants claimed invention

4. Applicant submits that the claims are now in condition for allowance.

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Respectfully submitted,



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